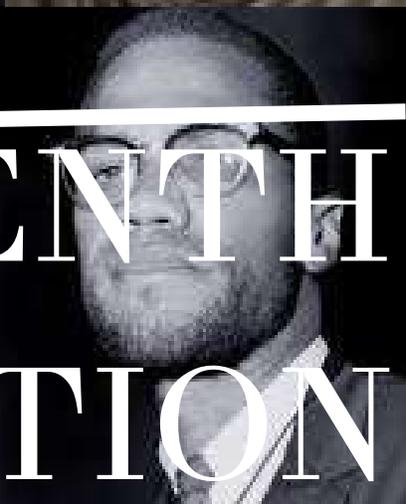
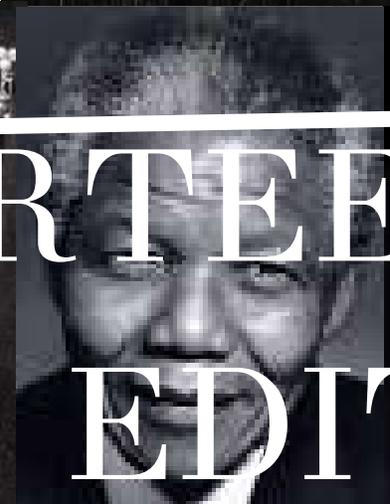
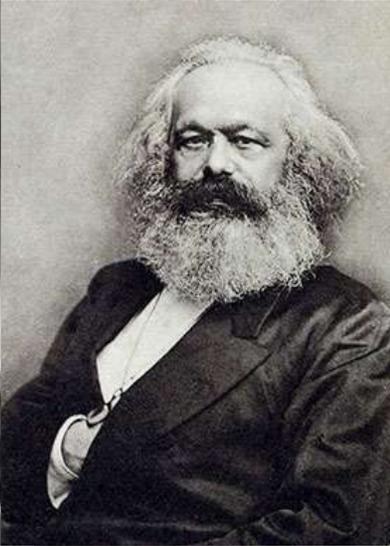


So Last Era



THIRTEENTH EDITION

Malcolm X

By Deepa Patel

Born: May 19, 1925 in Omaha, Nebraska

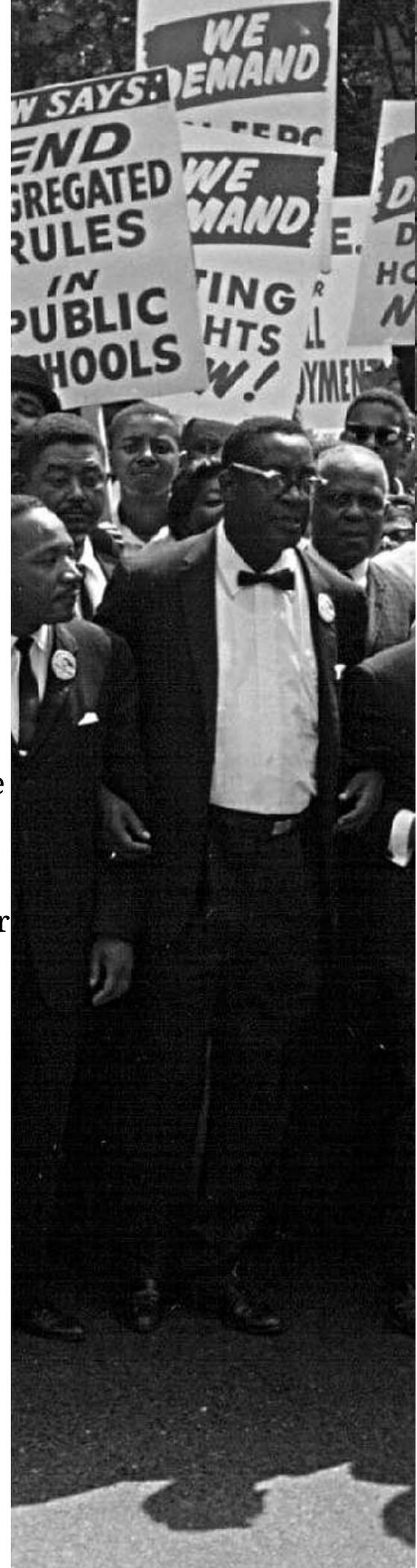
Died: February 21, 1965 in Manhattan, New York

Occupation: Activist, Minister

Known for: Leader in the Nation of Islam and stance against racial integration

Malcolm's father, Earl Little, was a leader in a pro African-American group also known as the UNIA which therefore led to threats by white supremacists. These threats soon turned to harassments. It led to deaths of innocent lives and Malcolm's house being burnt down. One day, Malcolm received devastating news. His father Earl was found dead on the tracks of a local streetcar. The police claimed it to be an accident however many (including the family), knew that it was white supremacists. To make matters worse, this all took place during the Great Depression. Malcolm's mother was left standing during a horrible time, raising seven children of her own. After a while, she could not bare to see her children starve anymore so she took matters a little further and sent Malcolm to live with a foster family at age 13. At age 15, he dropped school and moved to Boston by himself.

As a poor, black, young man in the 1940s, Malcolm felt no significance with his life. His loneliness and poverty led him to a criminal lifestyle. He began to get into the habit of stealing goods and gaining odd jobs for money. Malcolm was caught by the police for stealing goods and was sent to prison.



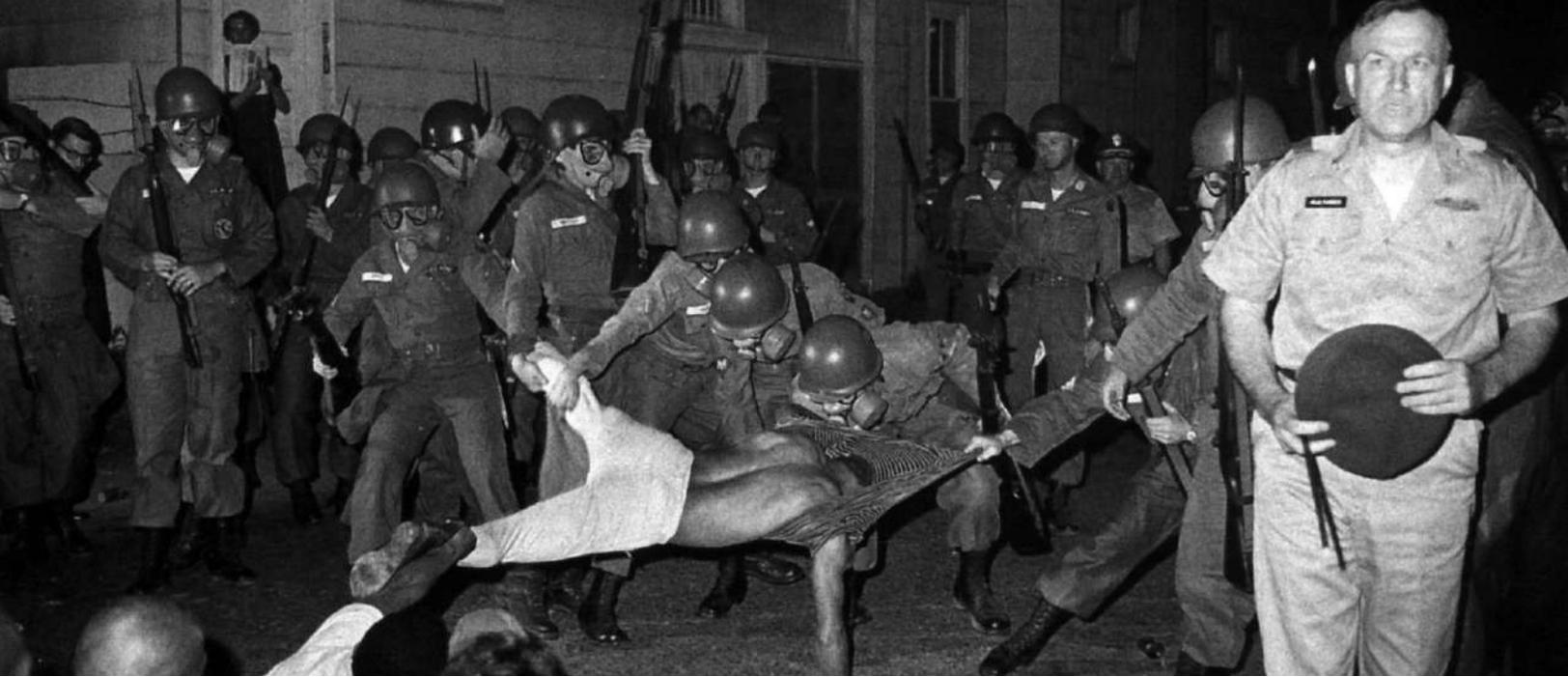


Whilst in prison, Malcolm's much loved brother sent him a letter stating that he had changed his religion to something called the Nation of Islam. The letter explained how the Nation of Islam believes that black people are superior to white people and white people are pure evil and that Islam was the true religion of black people. Malcolm agreed to all their beliefs and therefore made the decision to join his brother in the Nation of Islam. He changed his surname to 'X' since he believed it represented his own African belonging which the white people took away from him.

When Malcolm was exonerated, he became the minister of the Nation of Islam. He worked at several numbers of temples across America. He was an impressive, changed man and shocked most people with his wonderful hidden talent of public speaking. Malcolm lead the Nation of Islam to become more popular and known.

Malcolm did not believe that the peaceful protests would change a thing for black people. He thought whatever Martin Luther King Jr did would not be heard or listened to and would be a complete waste. He spent a long time trying to convince many black people that peaceful protests were not the path to go down.

As Malcolm's fame progressed, other leaders of the Nation of Islam became jealous. Malcolm also had some unusual concerns about the behavior of their runner up leader Elijah Muhammad. When American President JFK was assassinated, Malcolm was advised by Elijah Muhammad not to discuss the topic in public.



However, Malcolm still spoke, saying that it was a moment of "chickens coming home to roost." This created bad publicity for the Nation of Islam and Malcolm was told to remain silent for 90 days. After this threat, he left the Nation of Islam.

Malcolm had a change of heart later. He was still a firm believer in Islam however after a trip to mecca he considered all different aspects. After pondering about what to do, he made a decision. A decision to help Martin Luther King and approach the situation in a more civilised manner.

When he was a part of the Nation of Islam, Malcolm had gathered many enemies. Since Malcolm had a whole team to back him up, nobody had the courage to stand up against him, however now he was by himself he had a big target of his back. Many leaders, even some Malcolm considered friends, said he was 'worthy of death'. On February 14, 1965 he received this horrible attack with his house being burnt down

and he took it upon himself to hold a speech about what he thought of it. During his big public speech, he was assassinated on February 15, 1965 (the day after the fire). It was done by three members part of the Nation of Islam gunning him down.



Middle-Ages Fun Page

by Deepa Patel

E	G	B	G	J	J	C	I	D	L	L	A	V	E	I	D	E	M
J	U	W	U	X	F	Y	Q	C	S	G	Z	T	E	T	C	P	B
S	I	Z	R	R	O	O	R	G	T	A	E	N	H	E	A	M	R
M	L	K	U	F	T	U	N	E	Y	L	T	E	E	H	T	T	A
R	D	P	M	M	S	I	I	C	T	K	F	M	N	T	H	C	T
A	S	S	A	A	K	E	F	S	U	R	T	A	G	A	E	T	S
F	X	O	D	I	C	Q	A	F	A	J	H	N	A	E	D	H	I
O	X	E	V	O	B	C	L	N	D	H	G	R	M	D	R	U	U
T	S	U	F	I	C	P	K	D	Z	M	I	U	E	K	A	N	Q
A	N	X	J	M	E	S	W	R	J	Q	N	O	L	C	L	Y	N
O	Y	S	O	B	O	L	G	N	M	V	K	T	R	A	S	R	O
C	G	D	U	I	F	V	P	C	N	O	Y	X	A	L	X	L	C
A	A	A	S	N	U	K	K	E	U	F	N	J	H	B	Q	A	E
H	W	M	T	D	W	R	P	L	V	W	H	A	C	L	Y	V	R
M	O	N	A	S	T	E	R	I	E	S	I	T	R	J	G	I	U
A	M	E	T	S	Y	S	L	A	D	U	E	F	G	C	B	H	A
W	A	C	C	W	F	C	R	A	F	O	N	A	O	J	H	C	O
E	N	E	I	G	M	S	N	O	X	A	S	X	U	R	P	S	B

Joust
The Franks
Vikings
Medieval
Coat of Arms
Cathedrals
Knight
Crusades
Tournament

Guilds
Castle
Monarchs
Chivalry
Joan of Arc
Saxons
Black Death
Feudal System
Monasteries



Mary Queen of Scots

by Dhvani Patel

Mary, Queen of Scots was born on 8 December 1542 and died 8 February 1587, she is also known as Mary Stuart or Mary I, reigned over Scotland from 14 December 1542 to 24 July 1567.

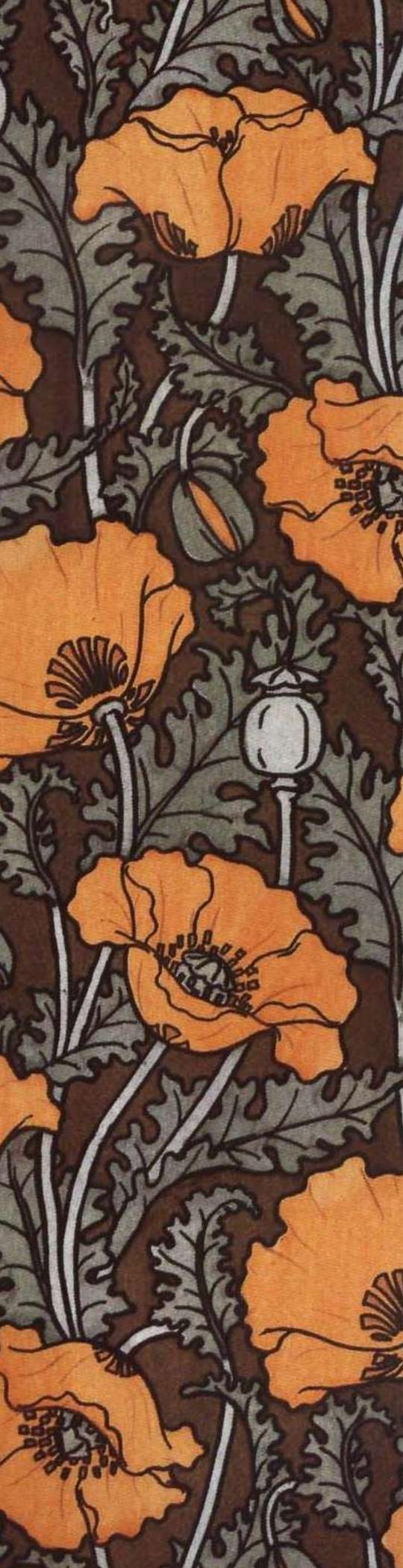
Mary, the only surviving legitimate child of King James V, was six days old when her father died and she acceded to the throne. She spent most of her childhood in France, till then Scotland was ruled by regents (a person allocated the job of a royal until the actual monarch can rule), and at the age of 16, she married the Dauphin of France, Francis. He ascended the French throne as King Francis II in 1559, and Mary became queen of France, until his death in December 1560. Widowed, Mary returned to Scotland, arriving in Leith on 19 August 1561. Four years later, she married her first cousin, Henry Stuart (Lord Darnley), but their relationship was unhappy. In February 1567, his property was destroyed by an explosion, and Darnley was found murdered in the garden.





James Hepburn, 4th Earl of Bothwell, was thought to have ordered Darnley's death, but the verdict came as not guilty of the charge in April 1567, and the following month he married Mary. The couple, Mary was imprisoned in Loch Leven Castle. On 24 July 1567, she was forced to abdicate in favour of James VI, her one-year-old son by Darnley. After an unsuccessful attempt to regain the throne, she fled south seeking the protection of her first cousin once removed, Queen Elizabeth I of England. Mary had once claimed Elizabeth's throne as her own, and was considered the lawful supreme monarch of England by many English Catholics, including participants in a rebellion known as the Rising of the North. Perceiving her as a threat, Elizabeth had her confined in various castles and manor houses in the interior of England. After eighteen and a half years in custody, Mary was found guilty of plotting to assassinate Elizabeth in 1586. She was beheaded the following year. Myths of Mary's death can be heard today.





Mary Seacole

by Sophie Lea

Mary Jane Grant was born in Kingston, Jamaica on the 23 November 1805. Her father, James Grant, was a Scottish lieutenant in the British army; her mother was a 'free' Jamaican who worked as a 'doctress' (a healer who used Jamaican and African concoctions) in a boarding house that was considered the best in Kingston. Where she gained her nursing knowledge from her mother and started experimenting with medicine.

Coming from a biracial background, she was categorised as a 'mulatto' - a multiracial person with few rights. Resulting in her and her family not being able to vote, hold public office or even enter any professions. But Mary was well educated.

In 1821, Mary Grant visited London, meeting her British relatives. Mary stayed for a year, in that year she encountered taunting - not to her but to her darker friend from the West Indies. Approximately a year later, she returned to London with Jamaican preserves, putting them up for sail.

After returning to Jamaica, Mary started to work alongside her mother, sometimes getting called upon to heal the wounded British Army.



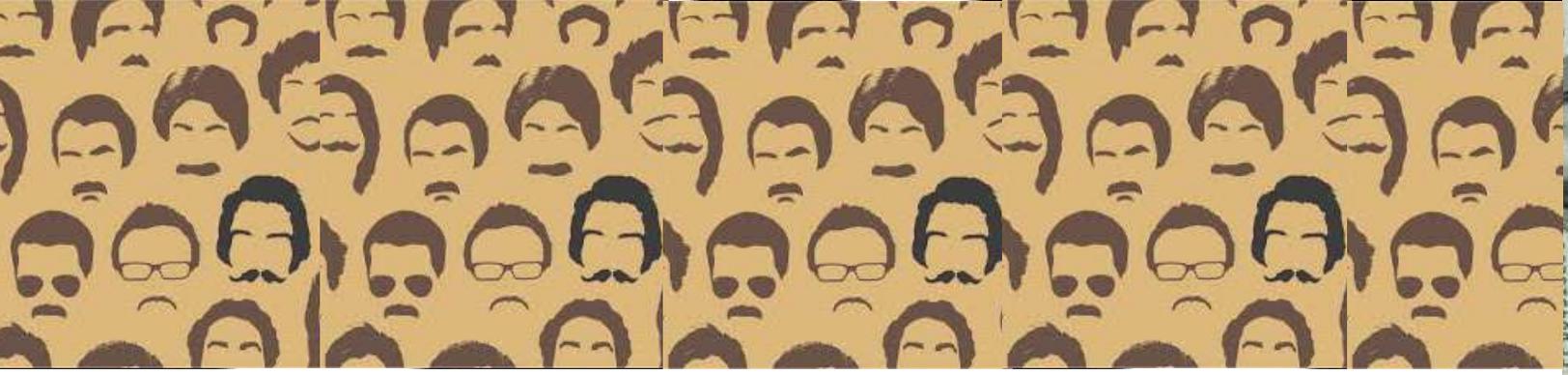
Before her marriage, Grant was a passionate traveller and visited many countries like Cuba, Haiti, the Bahamas, Central America and obviously England.

Edwin Seacole was her spouse from the 10 November 1836. Her marriage was short-lived because Edwin Seacole unfortunately passed away in 1844.

The Crimean War lasted from October 1853 to April 1856. And in 1854 Seacole travelled to England and approached the war office, inquiring if she could be sent to Crimea as an army nurse. Having knowledge that Crimea had poor medical facilities. Sadly, she was refused. Unfazed by this failure, Mary funded her own trip to Crimea and provided a 'mess-table and comfortable quarters for sick and convalescent officers'. Sometimes she bravely attended to injured soldiers in the battlefield, under fire, and was known as 'Mother Seacole' and was a known rival to Florence Nightingale. Other than healing ill soldiers, she also provided food and drink for spectators of the battle.

Mary returned to England in ill health and there was a festival to raise money for her treatment, attracting thousands of civilians. Later that year, Mary Seacole published her memoirs 'The Wonderful Adventures of Mrs Seacole in Many Lands'

Mary Seacole sorrowfully died on May 14 1881.



Project Moustache

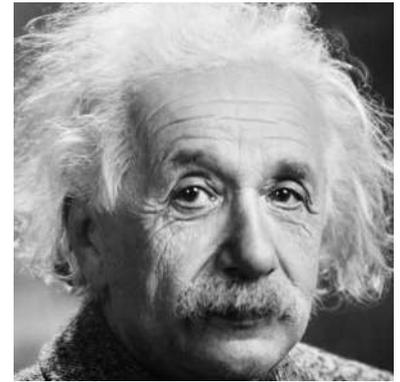
by Henna Nabi



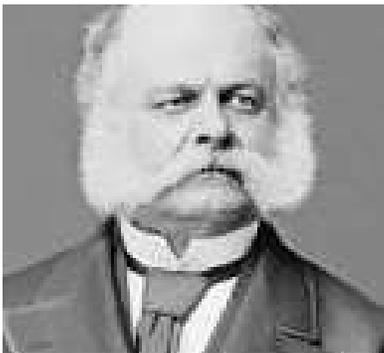
Target 1: Adolf Hitler
Evil/good=9/10 Evil
Power:9/10
Moustache ranking=8/10
Intelligence:7/10



Target 2: Salvador Ali
Evil/good=6/10 Good
Power:2/10
Moustache ranking=7/10
Intelligence:7/10



Target 3: Albert Einstein
Evil/good=9/10
Power:5/10
Moustache ranking=6/10
Intelligence:9/10



Target 4: Ambrose
Burnside
Evil/good=9/10 Good
Power:9/10
Moustache ranking=9/10
Intelligence:8/10



Target 5: William Howard
Taft
Evil/good=9/10 Good
Power:10/10
Moustache ranking=8/10
Intelligence:8/10



Target 6: Charles Napier
Evil/good=8/10 Good
Power:8/10
Moustache ranking=8/10
Intelligence:8/10



Money

by Benji Winslett

Money is a universal currency that can be used to buy goods. In different countries, money is in different shapes and sizes and can be called different things. Values can also differ. Money is also used to pay off bills and taxes. Taxes is money that goes to the government which funds hospitals, schools, etc.

The first paper banknote was created by the Chinese during the Tang Dynasty. This was created 700 years before the first European banknote, created by the Swedish.

The pound is the British currency. It was born in the 1200s when the Sterling was the main currency in Anglo Saxon kingdoms. There are also £5, £10, £20 and £50 notes. Recently, the £5 and £10 notes have turned from paper to plastic and the £20 note will turn plastic in the near future.

The most traded currency on the planet is the US Dollar.



Medicine

by Dhvani Patel

WARNING DO NOT USE ANY OF THESE MEDICINES

Medieval recipe to cure headaches and pains in the joints:

- Collect some bishopwort, garlic, wormwood, helenium, cropleek and hollowleek.
- Grind them together
- Then boil them in butter along with celandine and red nettle.
- Make sure to keep the mixture in a brass pot until it is a dark red colour.
- Strain it through a cloth and apply on the forehead or aching joints.



The Egyptians used an array of herbs that were supposed to 'cure' any illnesses. Some of these herbs were quite deadly and some actually helped. The most common were: opium, cannabis, myrrh, frankincense, fennel, cassia, senna, thyme, henna, juniper, aloe, linseed and castor oil.





Tudor Blister Cure:

- Put a burning hot plaster on the skin.
- If this causes pain, slit the throat
- If that doesn't work give the patient beer with lice
- When you get lice, drink tobacco juice.
- When this causes baldness, put fox grease.

If you need a painkiller, drink opium and hemlock (side effect is death)



Marvel

by Beau Waddell

Fact File

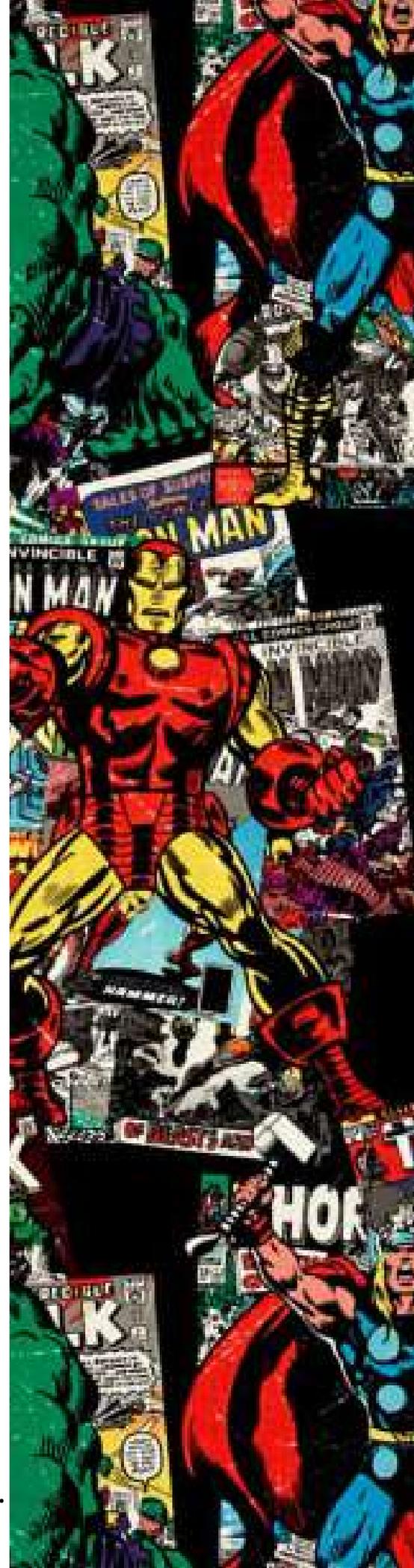
- Marvel Comics was created in 1947, 13 years after DC Comics had been founded.
- Unlike what many people may think, Marvel wasn't created by Stan Lee. It was actually founded by Martin Goodman, who had previously worked in the comic book industry.
- The first Marvel creation was Namor, the Sub-Mariner. This was swiftly followed by the first iteration of the Human Torch (not the Fantastic Four version).

- In September 1963, the first Avengers comic was released, gathering characters that had been built up over the last decade or so.
- The original line up was: Iron Man, Hulk, Thor, Ant-Man and the Wasp. Captain America joined in Issue 4



A Fact for Every Colour of the Infinity Gauntlet

- Soul Stone - There have been many colours of the Hulk, including: Orange, Grey, Red and (of course) quite a few shades of green.
- Reality Stone - The Red Skull (Captain America's arch-enemy) got his name from his grotesque face.





While trying to perfect the Super Soldier serum (which would later turn Steve Rogers into the Cap we know today), he was accidentally given it, turning his face into the red mess that is still his most recognisable feature.

- Space Stone - Blue Marvel is one of the most powerful and purely strong characters in the Marvel Comics Universe. He has lifted things like the warship Enterprise (not to be confused with Star Trek's Starship Enterprise) which weighs 93,000 tons and a meteor the size of the US state of Arkansas.
- Power Stone - Thanos was conceived by Jim Starlin (writer of The Infinity Gauntlet, a main inspiration for Avengers: Infinity War) when he was taking psychology in college.
- Time Stone - Like the Hulk, there have been many incarnations of Spider-Man's nemesis, the Green Goblin. These have been Norman Osborn (the original), Harry Osborn (Norman's son), Bart Hamilton (Harry's psychologist), Phil Urich (who later became the villain known as the Hobgoblin) and finally a lab experiment (Norman made it to make the public think that he wasn't the Goblin).
- Mind Stone - Wolverine of the X-Men wasn't originally a hero. In issue 181 of the Incredible Hulk, the aforementioned green giant went head to head with Wolverine, who was presented as the villain of the comic.





Martin Luther King

by Zara Naghibi

Name: Martin Luther King Jr

Born: 15 January 1929, Atlanta, Georgia, United States

Assassinated: 4 April 1968, Memphis, Tennessee, United States

Famous for: Performing the 'I have a dream' speech, activist for racial equality and civil rights

Job: Doctor of Philosophy

Awards: Nobel Peace Prize

Fun Facts

- At birth he was named Michael King, but his father later changed his name to Martin Luther King Jr.
- Martin was a great believer in peaceful protest
- Martin Luther King Jr was assassinated in 1968 in Tennessee, where he had given a speech the day before. He was standing on the balcony his hotel when he was shot.





Thank you to
everyone who
contributed to this
issue of "So Last Era"

We hope that you
have enjoyed reading
about the Ms in
History and will join
us again in a few
weeks to discover the
Ns.

All information is to the best of our knowledge
Editing and layout by Deepa Patel